(3) Beer and similar fermented beverages. Customs duties and taxes on beer, ale, porter, stout, and other similar fermented beverages, including sake, of any name or description containing one-half of 1 percent or more of alcohol by volume, brewed or produced from malt, wholly or in part, or from any substitute therefor, shall be collected in accordance with section 5051(a), Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (26 U.S.C. 5051(a)).

(Sec. 315, 46 Stat. 695, as amended; 19 U.S.C. 1315)

[T.D. 73-175, 38 FR 17482, July 2, 1973, as amended by T.D. 78-329, 43 FR 43455, Sept. 26, 1978; T.D. 80-271, 45 FR 75641, Nov. 17, 1980; T.D. 89-1, 53 FR 51270, Dec. 21, 1988]

## §159.5 Cigars, cigarettes, and cigarette papers and tubes.

The internal revenue taxes imposed on cigars, cigarettes, and cigarette papers and tubes under section 5701 or 7652, Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (26 U.S.C. 5701 or 7652), are determined in accordance with section 5703 of that Code (26 U.S.C. 5703) at the time of removal; that is, on the quantity removed from Customs custody under the entry or withdrawal for consumption. The Customs duties, unlike those on alcoholic beverages, do not necessarily apply only to such quantities.

(Sec. 315, 46 Stat. 695, as amended; 19 U.S.C. 1315)

## §159.6 Difference between liquidated duties and estimated duties.

(a) Difference under \$20 in original liquidation. When there is a net difference of less than \$20 between the total amount of duties, fees, and taxes assessed in the liquidation of any entry (other than an informal, mail, or baggage entry) and the total amount of estimated duties, fees, and taxes deposited, including any supplemental deposit, the difference shall be disregarded and the entry endorsed "as entered." In the case of an informal, mail, or baggage entry, the amount of duties, fees, and taxes computed by a Customs officer when the entry is prepared by, or filed with, him shall be considered the liquidated assessment.

(b) Difference under \$20 in reliquidation. When there is a net difference of less than \$20 between the total amount of duties, fees, and taxes found due in the reliquidation of any entry and the total amount of duties, fees, and taxes assessed in the prior liquidation of the entry, the difference shall be disregarded except in the following cases:

- (1) Reliquidation at importer's request. When reliquidation of any entry is made at the importer's request, such as reliquidation following the allowance of a protest under section 514, Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (19 U.S.C. 1514), or a request for correction under section 520(c), Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (19 U.S.C. 1520(c)), any refund determined to be due shall be refunded even if less than \$20.
- (2) Court decision. Any refund or increase determined to be due as the result of the reliquidation of an entry in accordance with a court decision and judgment order shall be refunded or collected as the case may be.
- (c) Difference of \$20 or more collected or refunded. If there is a difference of \$20 or more between the duties, fees, and taxes assessed in the liquidation of an entry and the total estimated duties, fees, and taxes deposited, or between the total duties, fees, and taxes assessed in the reliquidation of an entry and those assessed in the prior liquidation, the entry shall be endorsed to show the difference and bills or refund checks shall be issued.
- (d) Customs duties and fees and internal revenue taxes netted for \$20 limit. The assessments of Customs duties and fees and internal revenue taxes shall be separately stated on the entry at the time of liquidation, but the amounts of any differences shall be netted when applying the \$20 minimum for issuance of a bill or refund check.

(Sec. 7, 52 Stat. 1081, as amended, sec. 505, 46 Stat. 732, as amended; 19 U.S.C. 1321, 1505)

[T.D. 73-175, 38 FR 17482, July 2, 1973, as amended by T.D. 78-394, 43 FR 49791, Oct. 25, 1978; T.D. 94-51, 59 FR 30296, June 13, 1994]

## §159.7 Rewarehouse entries.

The liquidation of the original warehouse entry shall be followed in determining the liability for duties on a rewarehouse entry, except in the following cases:

(a) Merchandise excluded from liquidation of original warehouse entry. When